

ENERGY AUDIT REPORT



Sri Venkateswara College Of Engineering and Technology February 2023



SRI VENKATESWARA
COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Approved by AICTE, New Delhi
Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai
An ISO 9001:2015 Certified & Accredited by NBA
(A Telugu Minority Institution)



Report by

IGNITE ENGINEERING

38/2, F1 Ranga Flats, Chrompet, Chennai - 600044
e-mail: igniteengg@gmail.com mobile number: 8778740104



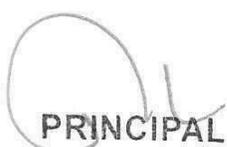
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Engineering and Technology,
Thirupachur, Thiruvallur - 631 203

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1. ABOUT THE COLLEGE

Sri Venkateswara College Of Engineering and Technology has become the crown jewel in the field of Arts & Science education since its inception.

Located at 30 kms Away from Chennai City SVCET is perched amidst a sprawling where 27 acres is dedicated for the institution, with a robust contemporary architecture befitting global standards.

The institution affiliated to Anna University Chennai is also certified by International organisation for Standardization (ISO 9001:2015) for its Quality Management System. the institution has dawned as a present day doyen of Engineering & management Education. The institution aims at moulding students into technologically sound, efficient, creative and responsible global citizens capable of engaging with next generation challenges. is run by a team of eminent educationists whose dedication, commitment and expertise impart quality education, blended with a contemporary, yet pragmatic touch.

VISION

Lead the transformation of Engineering and Technology education into creating innovators and entrepreneurs to serve the betterment of the society.

MISSION

- To provide requisite infrastructure and stimulating environment for most conducive learning.
- To develop the next generation leaders through excellence in teaching and learning, and inspiring scientific curiosity in them to meet the global challenges.
- To instill ethics, values, and life skills to meet the societal demands.
- To produce competent professionals with the practical skills necessary to excel as innovative professionals and entrepreneurs for the benefit of society.
- To establish fruitful collaboration between institute and industry for research and development in new disciplines as well as to provide employment opportunities.



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2. INTRODUCTION

The Energy Conservation Act, 2001 defines Energy Audit as "the verification, monitoring, and analysis of the use of energy including submission of technical report containing recommendations for improving energy efficiency with cost-benefit analysis and an action plan to reduce energy consumption".

It is an analysis of energy flows for energy conservation and to find energy losses. It is a process of collection of detailed data related to energy usage and comparison of collected results. It is a process by which we can reduce the amount of energy input to the system without a negative impact on the output.

It includes Inspection, Survey and Analysis of energy flows for energy conservation in a building, a process, or a system to reduce the amount of energy input into the system without negatively affecting the output(s) plugged. It is the quickest, cheapest, and cleanest way to reduce energy consumption.

An energy audit, sometimes referred to as an energy survey or an energy inventory, is an examination of the total energy used in a particular property. The analysis is designed to provide a relatively quick and simple method of determining not only how much energy is being consumed but where and when.

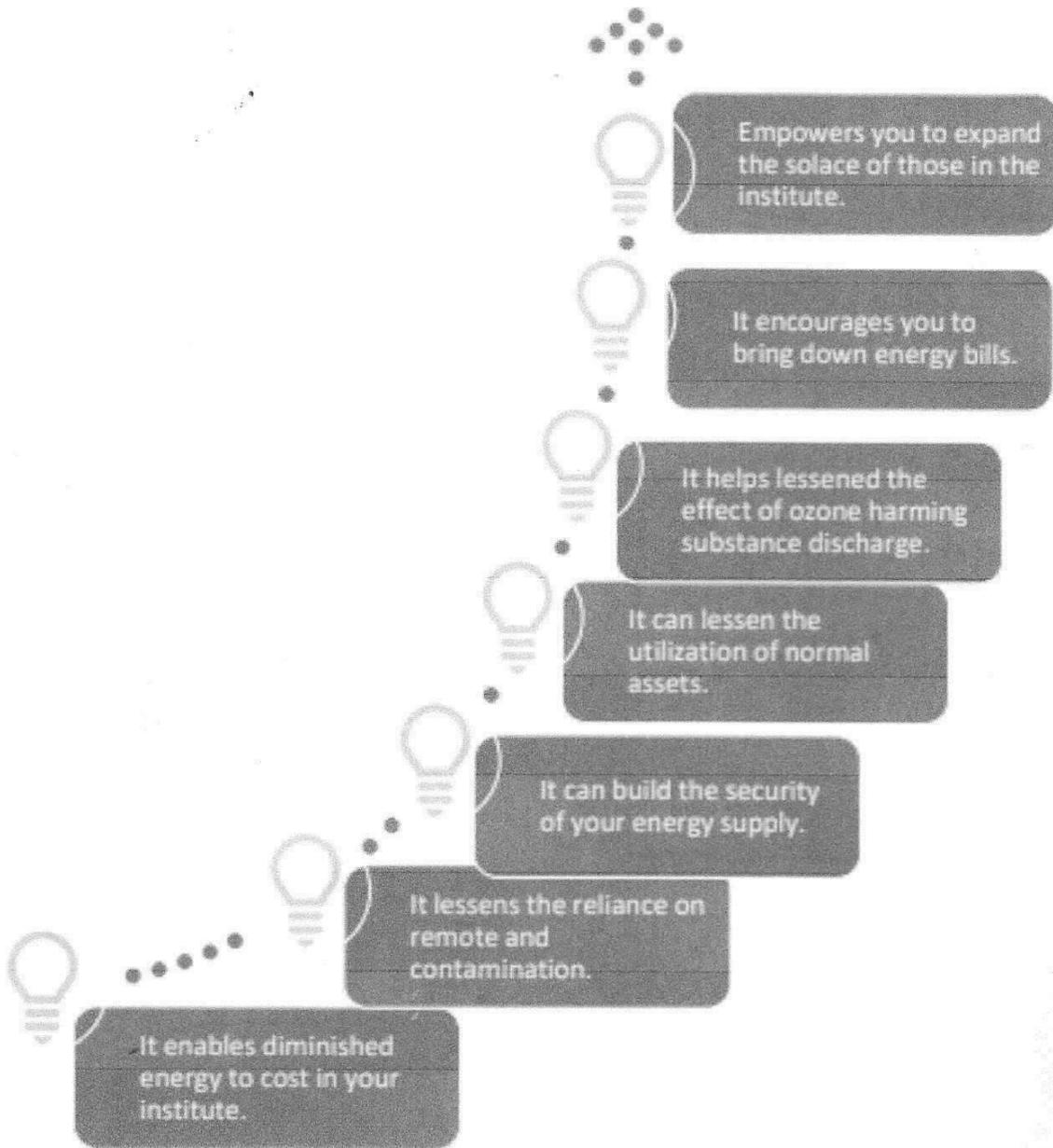
The energy audit will also identify deficiencies in operating procedures and in physical facilities. Once these deficiencies have been identified, it will be apparent where to concentrate efforts to save energy. The energy audit is the beginning of and the basis for an effective energy-management programme.

Increasingly in the last several decades, the demand to lower increasingly expensive energy costs and move towards a sustainable future has made energy audits greatly important.




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3. OBJECTIVES OF ENERGY AUDIT



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4. BENEFITS OF ENERGY AUDIT

- Energy audits will evaluate your facility “as a whole”, their goal is not to evaluate single measures but to consider a wide range of available alternatives (Electrical, Mechanical, Envelope and Water).
- It will analyse your historical energy use and find potential issues using statistical methods.
- The audit will not only inform you of opportunities but provide you with financial analysis. This will enable prioritization based on financial benefit and return on investment.
- Provide you with solid, easy-to-understand technical information regarding the proposed energy conservation measures
- Provide you with benchmark information to help you understand your energy use performance compared to others in your field and area.
- Provide you with an emissions analysis to help you understand the benefits of your decisions from an environmental standpoint.
- Understand where energy is used, and which areas are worth focusing on the most (energy hogs).
- The cost-benefit analysis of the audit report would help decision-makers prioritize opportunities and evaluate them as investments.
- These indicators would include, rate of return, net present value, cash flow analysis, and payback.



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5. STAGES OF ENERGY AUDIT

A structured methodology to carry out an energy audit is necessary for efficient working. An initial study of the site should always be carried out, as the planning of the procedures necessary for an audit is most important.

The stages of an energy audit are:

- Phase – I Pre-audit phase
- Phase – II Audit phase
- Phase – III Post-audit phase

Phase – I Pre-audit phase

An initial site visit may take one day and gives the Energy Auditor/Engineer an opportunity to meet the personnel concerned, familiarize him with the site, and assess the procedures necessary to carry out the energy audit.

During the initial site visit, the Energy Auditor/Engineer should carry out the following actions:-

- Discuss with the site's senior management the aims of the energy audit.
- Discuss economic guidelines associated with the recommendations of the audit.
- Analyse the major energy consumption data with the relevant personnel.
- Obtain site drawings where available - building layout, steam distribution, compressed air distribution, electricity distribution etc.




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The main aims of this visit are: -

- To finalise the Energy Audit team
- To identify the main energy-consuming areas/plant items to be surveyed during the audit.
- To identify any existing instrumentation/ additional metering required.
- To decide whether any meters will have to be installed prior to the audit eg. kWh, steam, oil, or gas meters.
- To identify the instrumentation required for carrying out the audit.
- To plan with time frame
- To collect macro data on plant energy resources, major energy consuming centers
- To create awareness through meetings/ programme

Phase – II Audit phase

The information to be collected during this audit phase includes:

- Energy consumption by type of energy, by department, by major items of process equipment, by end-use
- Material balance data (raw materials, intermediate and final products, recycled materials, use of scrap or waste products, production of by-products for re-use in other industries, etc.)
- Energy cost and tariff data
- Process and material flow diagrams
- Generation and distribution of site services (eg.compressed air, steam).
- Sources of energy supply (e.g. electricity from the grid or self-generation)
- Potential for fuel substitution, process modifications, and the use of co-generation systems (combined heat and power generation).
- Energy Management procedures and energy awareness training programs within the establishment.




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Phase – III Post-audit phase

- Plan and schedule an action plan for implementing the corrective measures.
- Follow-up and periodic review.

6. ENERGY MANAGEMENT

This indicator addresses energy consumption, energy sources, energy monitoring, lighting, appliance, natural gas, and vehicles. Energy use is clearly an important aspect of campus sustainability and thus requires no explanation for its inclusion in the assessment. The study carried out also analyzed the use of alternate energy resources that are eco-friendly.

7. OBSERVATIONS

The source of energy for all the buildings within the campus is electricity only. The institution consumes about **1700kW/Month**. However, Nominal Amount of the daily electricity requirement is supplied from **solar energy**.

The campus contains Lights and fans in use. The entire campus including common facility centers are equipped with LED lamps and LED tube lights, except at few locations. Besides this, photovoltaic cells are also installed in the campus as an alternate renewable source of energy.

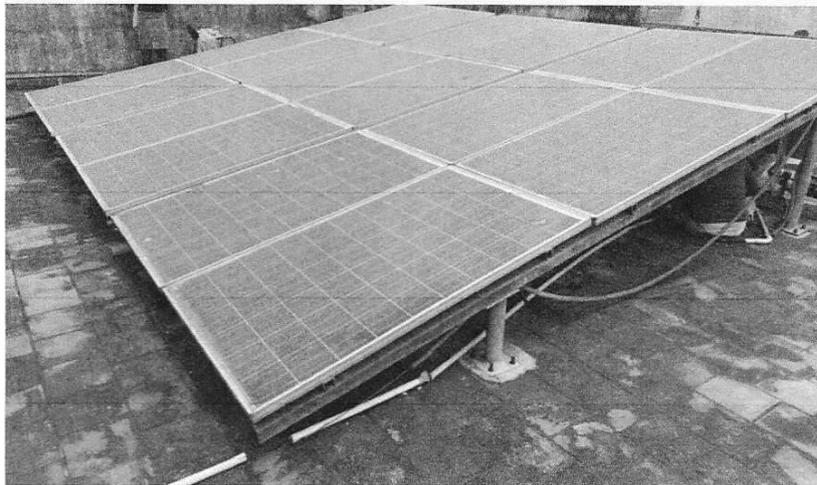
Computers are set to automatic power saving mode when not in use. Solar water heaters are installed in hostel buildings as to promote renewable energy. Also, campus administration runs switch-off drill on regular basis. Equipment like Computers is used in power saving mode.




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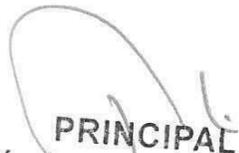
7.1 Solar panels

Solar panel systems are extremely durable and require little to no maintenance over their productive lifetime, which can span 25 years or more. Solar systems are also extremely easy to maintain. The main maintenance that these panels require is an occasional dusting to remove dirt, leaves, or any other fragments. Each kilowatt-hour (kWh) of solar that is generated will substantially reduce greenhouse gas emissions like CO₂, as well as other dangerous pollutants such as sulfur oxides, nitrogen oxides, and particulate matter.



Solar panels in the campus



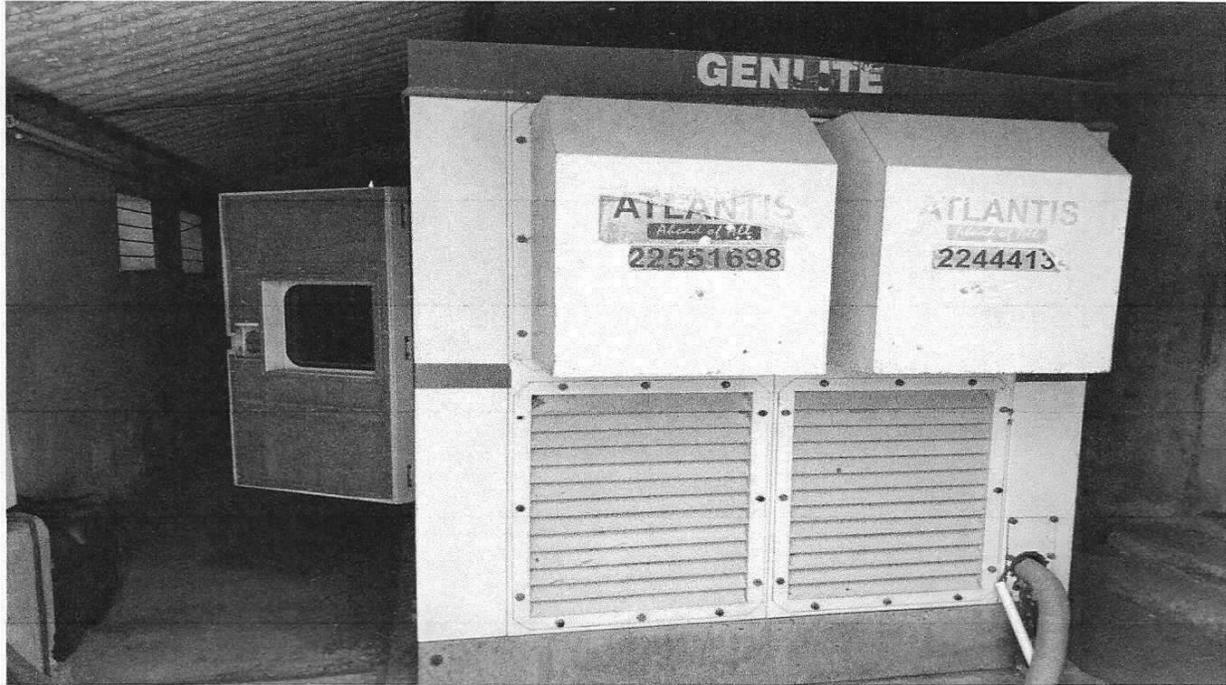

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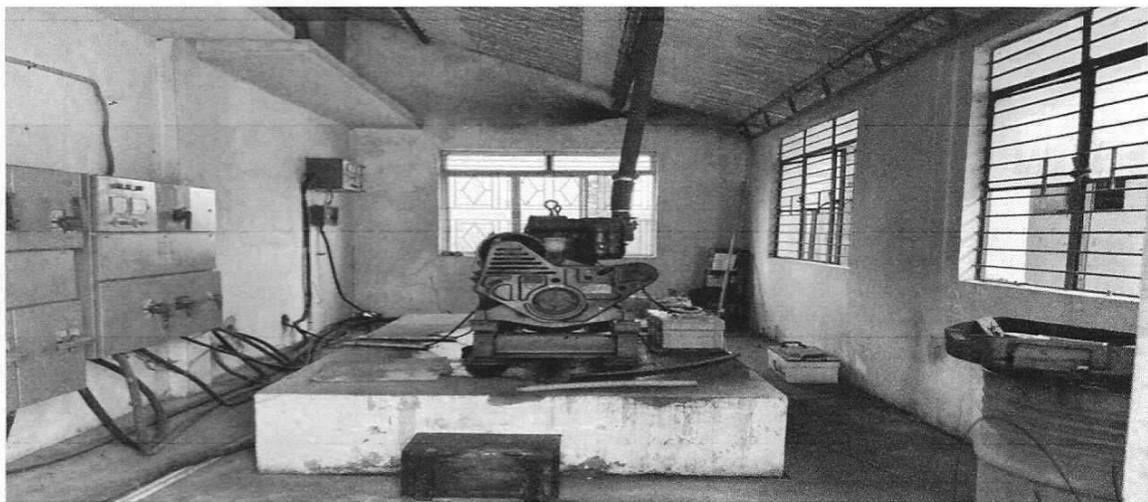

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7.2 Diesel generator

The college campus is Equipped With Diesel Generators for power back up. The generators were tested for their efficiency, and physical and operating conditions and found to be fit.



Diesel Generator Inside the Campus



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7.3 Biogas Plant

In SVCET College, kitchen waste is used to generate thermal energy for cooking and heating. The biogas produced from food waste, decomposable organic material, and kitchen waste, consisting of methane and a little amount of carbon dioxide is an alternative fuel for cooking gas (LPG).

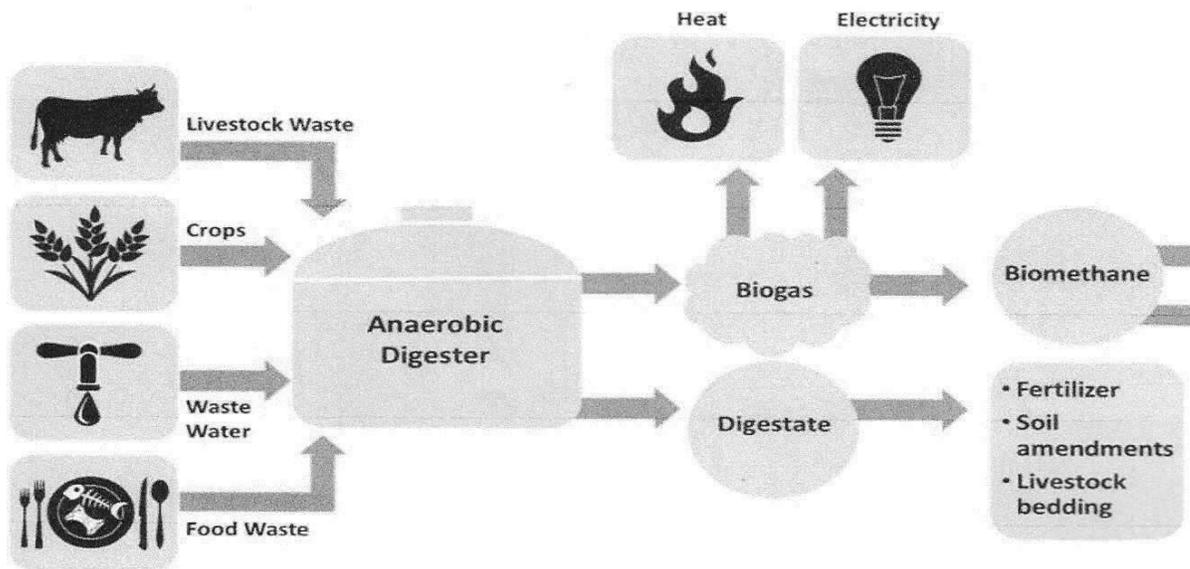
Kitchen waste is processed and moistened to produce a suspension that subsequently undergoes a fermentation process. Fermentation produces biogas – a valuable energy source – that is desulphurised by biological means. Also, the waste materials can be disposed of efficiently without any odour or flies and the digested slurry from the bio-gas unit can be used as organic manure in the garden.

The major components of the bio-gas plant are a digester tank, an inlet for feeding the kitchen waste, a gas holder tank, an outlet for the digested slurry, and the gas delivery system for taking out and utilizing the produced gas.

The College campus is equipped With 5m³ Capacity Biogas Plant to promote the use of alternate energy. Eco-friendly technology allows to produce renewable natural gas in the form of bio methane. The facility processes about 15kg of kitchen waste every day. The major waste is organic waste from College hostels, as well as leftover food from campus canteens and expired food.




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Biogas Plant Inside the campus



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8. Carbon Foot Printing

Carbon Footprint refers to the potential climatic impact (Global Warming) of the Greenhouse Gases (GHG) emitted directly or indirectly due to an organization's activities. A Carbon Footprint Disclosure of any educational institution is very important to understand such that its key emission sources can be identified and necessary mitigation measures can be adopted for carbon reduction. In today's date, very few colleges disclose their carbon emissions. SVCET under Anna University has taken an initiative to compute its carbon footprint and set a benchmark for other Colleges/Universities. The college has adopted a carbon reduction strategy to undertake this project.

8.1 Objectives Of Carbon Foot Printing

- Identify key emission sources of GHG at the campus
- Compute Scopes of emissions for operations carried out at SVCET Campus
- Analyze the results and provide cost effective & efficient measures for reducing the GHG emissions.

8.2 CARBON FOOT SURVEY & ESTIMATION INSIDE THE CAMPUS

Sl.No	Mode of Transport	No of Vehicles	Travellers	To & Fro Km/Per
1	Two Wheelers (Single/Shared)	250	500	20
2	Share Auto	15	75	15
3	Own Car (Single/Shared)	15	30	20
4	Mini Bus / Private Van	3	200	30
5	Public Transportation / College Bus	20	600	30
6	Bicycles	10	10	3
7	By Walk	-	50	1.5




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Sl.No	Description	Emission Rate	Annual Consumption/Quantity	Eqt.Co2 Tonnes/Year
I	Electrical Energy consumption	0.80 kg/kwh	12852kwh	101.85
	Diesel consumption	2.653 kg of Co ₂ /litre	6000litres	15.92
	LPG	2.983 kg of Co ₂ /kg	1786kg	4.21
II	Food Waste	1.9 kg of Co ₂ /kg	3.75 T	7.125
	Paper Waste	1.725 kg of Co ₂ /kg	5.85 T	12.09
	Water Waste	0.298 kg of Co ₂ /kl	1760kl	0.524
	Plastic Waste	6 kg of Co ₂ /kg	200 kg	1.2
	Glass/Other	0.77 kg of Co ₂ /kg	10	0.065
	Sanitary Napkin	0.5 kg of Co ₂ /kg	2275 kg	1.1262
III	Two Wheelers	2.38 kg of Co ₂ /L	10000*250/50=50000	107.21
	Share Auto	2.653 kg of Co ₂ /L	1200*250/30=10000	26.53
	Own Car	2.653 kg of Co ₂ /L	800*250/20=10000	26.23
	Mini Bus / Van	2.653 kg of Co ₂ /L	90*250/8=2812	7.46
	Bus	2.653 kg of Co ₂ /L	3000*250/30(5*50)=90000	147.32
IV	Events	Approx	500*8*1.5=6000kg	15.92
Total				448.550

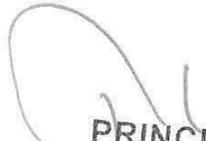



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Recommendations

- Retrofitting of the old air conditioners should be done in order to prevent any leakage.
- Regular maintenance of the air conditioners and refrigerators should be done and records should be maintained.
- Reheating of food can be done on induction / microwave minimizing the use of LPG.
- The waste from compost pit can be used to generate biogas and the same pipeline may be extended to cafeteria for cooking.
- sub-metering system for electricity usage may help to identify high energy consumption areas.
- Posters should be displayed across the college, spreading awareness among the students, teachers and other staff members to switch off the lights and fans when not in use, switching off microwaves after use etc.
- The systems (computers, laptops, air conditioners, refrigerators etc.) should be procured for the college considering the latest energy efficient technologies in the markets. (For ex All in One Units etc.)
- Occupancy sensors should be installed in the classrooms and offices.
- LED lights should be installed in phase wise manner.




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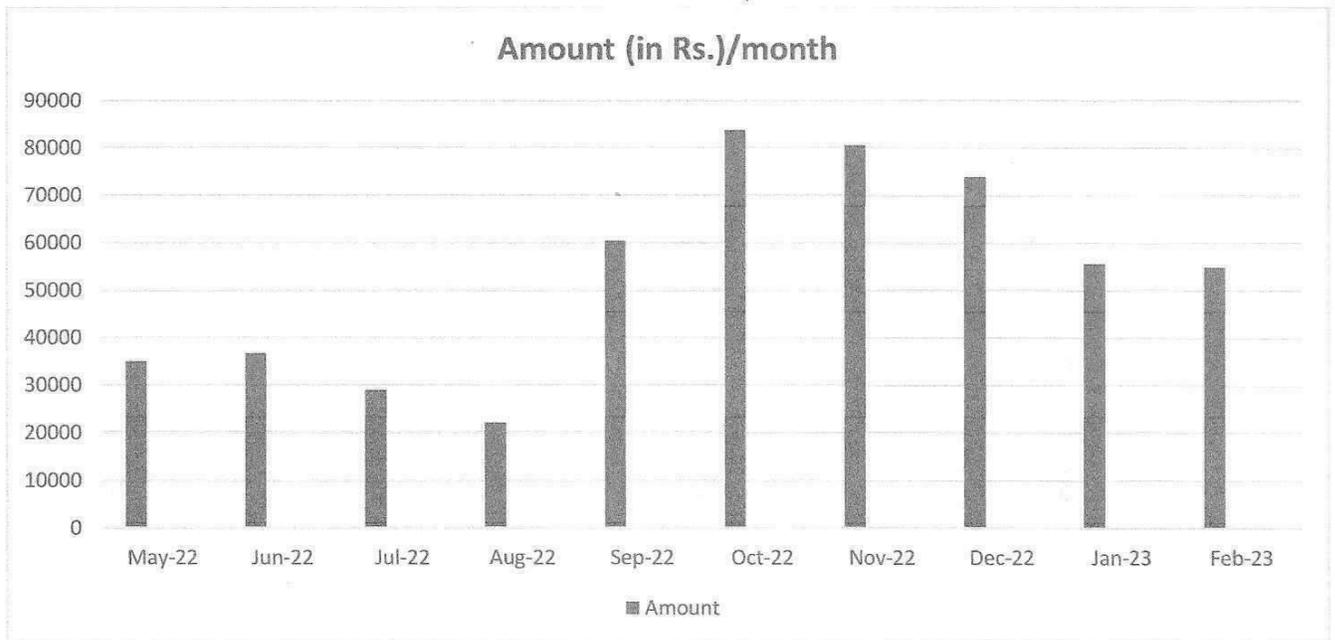
8. POWER CONSUMPTION ANALYSIS

The power consumed by the college for a year on a monthly basis is depicted below:

S.No	Month/year	Units consumed (kw/h)	Bill amount
1	05/2022	3860	34997
2	06/2022	4093	36812
3	07/2022	3102	29024
4	08/2022	2229	22118
5	09/2022	4946	60444
6	10/2022	6256	83720
7	11/2022	5905	80496
8	12/2022	5218	73901
9	01/2023	3162	55760
10	02/2023	3049	54944



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9. POWER QUALITY AUDIT

A power quality audit checks the reliability, efficiency, and safety of an organization's electrical system. The audit verifies the following aspects:

The continuity of the power supply: It checks if the power in the network is available on a regular basis and can ensure the efficient operation of the equipment.

The quality of the voltage: It checks if there are no low or high-frequency disturbances in the network capable of damaging the system components.

Refer Annexure I




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Benefits Of Power Quality Analysis

- Assist in preventative and predictive maintenance
- Identify source and frequency of events
- Establish precise location and timing of events
- Develop maintenance schedules
- Monitor and trend conditions
- Analyse harmonics, Flicker, Transients frequency variation, voltage variations (sag & swell).
- Ensure equipment performance
- Assess the sensitivity of process equipment to disturbances
- Evaluate performance against specifications




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10. THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY

It is a visual investigation, carried out by a qualified engineer, to detect abnormally high temperatures within an electrical installation. A higher-than-normal temperature indicates a problem within a system that could have serious consequences if allowed to escalate. Thermographic surveys have become increasingly sought after within the building construction industry for both new builds and existing properties. Thermal Imaging Surveys provide an instant non-disruptive image of a building fabric which identifies uncontrolled air leakage pathways, cold bridging, and insulation defects.

Thermographers use a thermographic camera to detect thermal signatures and assess the integrity of the building fabric, including continuity of insulation, avoidance of thermal bridging and air leakage paths. These results are then summarised in a report which can be used to improve the efficiency of heating and in some cases, air conditioning units.

Thermography (thermal imaging) makes it possible to identify electrical defects such as loose connections and overloaded circuits (the most common cause of electrical fires), transformer cooling faults, motor winding faults, and induced currents.

A thermographic survey inspects electrical equipment including distribution fuse boards, MCB boards, contactors, switchboards, transformers, motors, battery banks, UPSs, control panels, switch fuses and isolators, etc whilst the equipment is in operation, causing no disruption to business operations.




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11. RECOMMENDATIONS

- The management should support more of renewable and carbon-neutral electricity options in any energy- purchasing consortium, with the aim of supplying all college properties with electricity that can be attributed to renewable and carbon-neutral sources.
- More LED lights should be installed to reduce the power consumed for lighting.
- The campus administration should run switch-off drills on regular basis.
- In campus premises electricity should be shut down from main building supply after occupancy time, to prevent power loss due to eddy current.
- 5-star rated Air Conditioners, Fans and CFLs should be used.
- Cleaning of tube-lights/bulbs to be done periodically, to remove dust over it.

12. CONCLUSION

Energy Rating

After the complete survey and analysis of the campus as per ISO 50001:2018 energy management system standards, we rate the campus **Score 4/5**.

Energy Conservation is the wave of the future. The world is quickly moving towards Energy sustainability. An energy-efficient organization is a step toward the direction of renewable energy, environmental protection, and sustainable living. Thus, concluded that by energy auditing we identify cost-effective ways to improve the comfort and efficiency of buildings.




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13. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We are grateful to the management and committee members of Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology to award this prestigious project on energy auditing. Further, we sincerely thank the college staff for providing us with the necessary facilities and cooperation during the audit. This ample co-operation helped us a lot in making this audit possible and successful.

FOR IGNITE ENGINEERING



ER.P.VIVEK M.E(Ph.D)

CHARTERED ENGINEER-AM1936517



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Certificate of Registration

This is to certify that

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has been independently assessed by QRO
and is compliant with the requirement of:

ISO 9001:2015

Quality Management System

For the following scope of activities:

**CONDUCTING GREEN, ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT AUDIT
TO EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS AND INDUSTRIES.**

Date of Certification: 10th May 2022

2nd Surveillance Audit Due: 9th May 2024

1st Surveillance Audit Due: 9th May 2023

Certificate Expiry: 9th May 2025

Certificate Number: 305022071255Q



Head of Certification

Validity of this certificate is subject to annual surveillance audits to be done successfully on or before 365 days from date of the audit.
(In case surveillance audit is not allowed to be conducted: this certificate shall be suspended / withdrawn).

The Validity of this certificate can be verified at www.qrocert.org



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14th and Floor, Avtar Enclave, Near Paschim Vihar West Metro Station, Delhi - 110063, (INDIA)

Website : www.qrocert.org, E-mail : info@qrocert.org



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Egyptian Accreditation Council (EGAC)

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Delhi - India

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ISO/IEC 17021-3:2017
ISO 22003-1:2022

ISO/IEC 17021-2:2016
ISO/IEC TS 17021-10:2018
ISO 50003:2021

In The Field of (QMS, EMS, OHSMS, FSMS, EnMS and MDQMS)

The scope of accreditation is described in the attached schedule No. (011905B)

Scope Issue No. (03)

Issue No. (03): November 21, 2023

Valid to: November 20, 2027

Subject to continued compliance to the above standard and EGAC requirements
The Company is accredited to grant certification under EGAC Accreditation
In the attached scope of accreditation

EGAC is an MLA Signatory with IAF in the Fields of Accreditation of
Product Certification, Certification of Persons and Management System
Certification (QMS, EMS, OHSMS, EnMS, FSMS and MDQMS) Bodies

1st Accreditation Date: November 21, 2019

Eng. Hanie El Desouki



Executive Director

Eng. Ahmed Samir Saleh



Chairman of EGAC

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Minister of Trade and Industry
Venkateswara College of
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Accreditation Certificate No. (011905 A)

**Arab Republic of Egypt
Egyptian Accreditation Council (EGAC)**

Certifies that

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Delhi - India**

Has been accredited by EGAC in compliance with the requirements of

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ISO/IEC 20000-6:2017**

**ISO/IEC 27006:2015
ISO/IEC 17021-6:2014**

In The Field of (ISMS, ITMS, BCMS and EOMS)

**The scope of accreditation is described in the attached schedule No. (011905B)
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Eng. Hanie El Desouki

Executive Director

Egyptian Accreditation Council



Eng. Ahmed Samir Saleh

Chairman of EGAC

Minister of Trade and Industry



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Schedule of Accreditation

for Certification Body According to ISO/IEC 17021-1

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Schedule No.: 011905B

1st Accreditation date: November 21, 2019

Issue No. (03): November 21, 2023

Revision No. (0):

Valid to: November 20, 2027

IAF Codes No. Quality Management System ISO 9001:2015

1	Agriculture, forestry and fishing
3	Food products, beverages and tobacco
4	Textiles and textile products
5	Leather and leather products
6	Wood and wood products
7	Limited to "Pulp and paper manufacturing"
10	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products
12	Chemicals, chemical products and fibres
14	Rubber and plastic products
17	Basic metals and fabricated metal products.
18	Machinery and equipment.
19	Electrical and optical equipment.
20	Shipbuilding.
22	Other transporting equipment.
23	Manufacturing not elsewhere classified
28	Construction
29	Wholesale and retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods.

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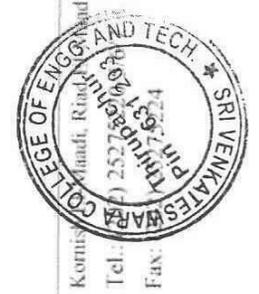




Schedule of Accreditation
for Certification Body According to ISO/IEC 17021-1
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(142) - 2nd Floor Avtar Enclave - Paschim Vihar - Delhi - India
1st Accreditation date: November 21, 2019 Issue No. (03): November 21, 2023 Revision No. 0:
Valid to: November 20, 2027

Schedule No.: 011905B

30	Hotels and restaurants
32	Financial intermediation; real estate; renting.
33	Information technology.
34	Engineering services
35	Other services.
36	Public administration.
37	Education.
38	Health and social work



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كورنيش المعادي - برج رياض المعادي - القاهرة - مصر
تليفون : 0125222093 (٠٢) (٠٢)
فاكس : 0125222093 (٠٢) (٠٢)

Schedule of Accreditation

for Certification Body According to ISO/IEC 17021-1

Issued To

QRO Certification LLP

(142) - 2nd Floor Avtar Enclave - Paschim Vihar - Delhi - India

Schedule No.: 011905B

1st Accreditation date: November 21, 2019

Issue No. (03): November 21, 2023

Revision No. 0:

Valid to: November 20, 2027

LAF Codes No. Environmental Management System ISO14001:2015

3	Food products, beverages and tobacco
12	Chemicals, chemical products and fibres
14	Rubber and plastic products
15	Non-metallic mineral products
16	Concrete, cement, lime, plaster, etc.
17	Basic metals and fabricated metal products.
18	Machinery and equipment.
19	Electrical and optical equipment.
22	Other transport equipment.
28	Construction
30	Hotels and restaurants
32	Financial intermediation; real estate; renting.
33	Information technology.
34	Engineering services
37	Education.
38	Health and social work



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1st Accreditation date: November 21, 2019 Issue No. (03): November 21, 2023

Revision No. (0):

Valid to: November 20, 2027

Food Safety Management System ISO 22000:2018 According to ISO 22003-1:2022

Cluster	C	Category	Sub-category	
			C0	Animal – Primary conversion
Processing food for humans and animals		Food ingredient and pet food processing	CI	Processing of perishable animal products
			CII	Processing of perishable plant products
			CIII	Processing of perishable animal and plant products
			CIV	Processing of ambient stable products
Catering/food service	E	Catering/food service		
Retail, transport and storage	F	Trading, retail and e-commerce	FI	Retail/ wholesale
	G	Transport and storage services	FII	Brokering/ trading



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Industrial Investment Man: <http://investor.com>; في: مصر، الصفحة الرسمية لخريطة الاستثمار الصناعي.

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كورنيش المعادي - برج رياض المعادي - القاهرة - مصر

تليفون : 2527522403 (٠٠٢)

فاكس : 2527522403 (٠٠٢)



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Issued To
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Valid to: November 20, 2027

Schedule No.: 011905B 1st Accreditation date: November 21, 2019 Issue No. (03): November 21, 2023 Revision No. 0:

Main Technical Areas	Technical Areas
Non-active Medical Devices	General non-active, non-implantable medical devices Non-active implants Devices for wound care Non-active dental devices and accessories Non-active medical devices other than specified above
In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices (IVD)	Reagents and reagent products, calibrators, and control materials for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clinical Chemistry • Immunochemistry (Immunology) • Haematology/Haemostasis/ • Immunohematology • Microbiology • Infectious Immunology • Histology/Cytology • Genetic Testing IVD Instruments and software IVD medical devices other than specified above



Komish El-M
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016727



The Institution of Engineers (India)

By virtue of Qualification, Professional training and Corporate Membership of this Institution

VIVEK P

OF

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING DIVISION

is hereby authorised to use the style and title of

Chartered Engineer [India]



AM1936517



08-06-2020

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TVE International Academy Pvt. Ltd.

Certificate of Achievement

This is to certify that

P. VIVEK

has successfully passed the examination of the CQI & IRCA Certified

ISO 45001:2018 Lead Auditor
(Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems)
Training Course

Organized in Co-operation with



DRV Certification Services, India

CQI & IRCA Course No : 1878 Certificate Number: TVEH06212158

CQI Unique Delegate ID No : 187536 Course Dates : May - Jun 2019

(Weekend Programme)



CQI



IRCA

CERTIFIED COURSE

Course Director



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(Quality Management Systems)
Training Course**

Organized in Co-operation with



DRV Certification Services, India

CQI & IRCA Course No : 17980 Certificate Number: TVEQ12142154

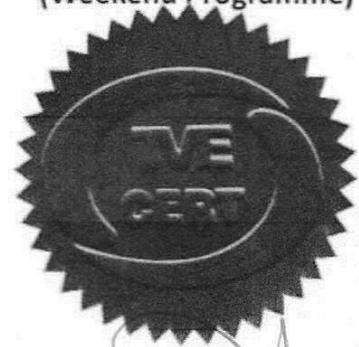
CQI Unique Delegate ID No : 147061 Course Dates : Nov - Dec 2018

(Weekend Programme)



CERTIFIED COURSE

Course Director



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Information Security Management Systems ISO 27001:2013 In accordance with ISO/IEC 17021-1: 2015 & ISO/IEC 27006: 2015

Energy Management Systems ISO 50001:2018 According to 50003:2021

Information technology Management Systems ISO/IEC 20000-1:2018 In accordance with ISO/IEC 17021-1: 2015 & ISO/IEC 20000-6:2017

Business continuity Management Systems ISO 22301:2019 In accordance with ISO/IEC 17021-1: 2015 & ISO/IEC 17021-6:2014

Educational organization Management Systems ISO 21001:2018 In accordance with ISO/IEC 17021-1: 2015

This conformity assessment body (CAB) is recorded as issuing EGAC accredited certificates to organizations in the countries listed below. This list is current at the time of issue of this scope of accreditation.

India	Egypt	Jordan	Nigeria	Romania	Bulgaria
				2 nd Floor Avtar Enclave, Paschim Vihar, Delhi	India

Note* :- Locations where certification activities covered by the above Accreditation Standard are undertaken

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(T.V.T) 601701



ASPIRA CERTIFICATIONS
www.aspiracertifications.com

Certificate of Achievement

This is to certify that

P.VIVEK

(CQI ULN : AC/ENMS/0521)

has successfully passed all the course assessment requirements for PR366 ISO
50001 : 2018 (Energy Management System) Lead Auditor Training Course

Course Start Date : 15.03.2021

Course End Date : 20.03.2021

Certificate No : 2021ENMS1466

Course No : 2318



S.No : ENMS/5889/2021

The Certificate is valid for 5 years from the date above for the purpose of registering as an auditor with IRCA

For authenticity of this certificate, visit, www.aspiracertifications.com



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Approved by: Thiruvallur - 631 203
Managing Director